Cranberry Glades Botanical Area Cranberry Mountai Nature Center [B.] In Round Glade, you can look closely at the bog floor. Sphagnum moss covers the

Pitcher Plant

floor while dead and decaying moss, called

peat, extends beneath the surface several

feet. These layers of moss and peat gives

the area its "sponginess."

Cranberry Glades Botanical Area **Gauley Ranger District Monongahela National Forest**

[C.] Also in Round Glade, look for the tiny

Shrubs

vine of the cranberry plant which grows

in the sphagnum moss. The leaves

are no bigger than an eighth of an

inch and the flowers, when in

bloom, require a keen eye and close observation

Round Glade

to see.

[D.] There are many kinds of grasses and sedges around the edges of the bogs. In late summer, the soft tufts of cotton grass give a white speckled appearance to the area.

[E.] Look for skunk cabbage in the Alder Thicket. It pushes its pointed brown and green flower up through the snow as early as February; its large "elephant ear" leaves appear in summer. If you happen to notice a funny smell, you will know how skunk cabbage got its name.

> Skunk Cabbage



[F.] On the left side of the boardwalk, you might notice a tree that has fallen over. The shallow roots so necessary for survival here, do not adequately anchor trees against strong winds. Thus, the very adaptation which allows these trees to live

[G.] Orchids grow in Flag Glade. Both the Rose Pogonia, also called the snake-mouth orchid. and the grass-pink orchid can be seen here in late June and early July.

> [H.] The tiny sundew, a carnivorous plant, can be seen on the left side of the walk in Flag Glade. You must look closely

here, can also result in death.

though, as its leaves are smaller than a fingernail.

Rhododendron

[A.] As you first walk

through the bog forest, notice the wetness of

the forest floor. Red

spruce, hemlock, and

yellow birch grow here.

shallow roots needed to survive in this wet area.

These trees have the



[J.] On the left side of the walk, look for some trees all standing in a row. Do you see what happened? They began growing from seeds that fell onto a log. The survival of trees on the "nurse log" was better than on the surrounding wet ground because of the higher, drier conditions.

Interpretive Sign Rest Room Facility

Accessible Trail Parking Area

Yew Creek Boardwalk Trai

0.025 Miles

Legend

Disclaimer: Original data were compiled from multiple source data and may not meet the U.S. National Mapping Accuracy Standards of the Office of Management and Budget. This map has no warranties to its content or accuracy. Produced during November 2005.



Bog Forest

[I.] This portion of the walk is most colorful in middle and late summer. Watch for the bright red of oswego tea or the yellow and orange splashes of jewelweed.

Cinnamon Fern "fiddle-heads"

Sundew

Oswego tea

